American Reformation

Devised as a cure for alcoholism, Dr. Sylvester Graham's crackers skirled out of vats of whole-wheat flour and strap molasses as a nostrum for multitudes starved for the sugar lost when the whiskey was, an exit which meant the insulin-producing mechanisms shut down, feeding delirium to the brain.

To fend off hallucinations, to calm the shaking heart, was simply a matter of packing the mouth — stopping the glottis with the sawdusty and sweet package until the tongue swelled for water or milk, the elixirs of childhood. To engender thirst — then slake it with nostalgia — was the Pennsylvania Temperance

Society's genius, and more infernally effective than the loose clothing, hard mattresses and vegetarianism advocated by the other salvationists. For while

their measures treated the external man, this arrowed straight to the soul. This was the food of life, and a journeying — the bolus breaking back into starch,

into sugar, back through the long polypeptide chain of enzymes into the finally indivisible glucose, only one configuration away from the lactose it resembles — a sham mother's milk which made it possible to believe in starting over again. A century later, we're still addicted to the idea of a reconstituted

past. The early winter dark becomes a schoolroom, and in it the radiator-warmed milk and graham crackers arranged on waxed paper in a design to make tolerable the endless minutes before the vapor lights come on and buses arrive in the four o'clock dusk to take us home.